Carroll County Landscape and Forest Conservation Programs

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Landscaping

Carroll County Landscape
Ordinance (Chapter 157)
Adopted in November of 2004

Carroll County Landscape Manual April 2013 Edition

Purpose

To enhance all new residential, commercial, industrial, and institutional development in the County through the establishment and ongoing maintenance of prescribed landscaping.

 The aesthetic and environmental enhancement of new development.

Goals

- Enhance aesthetic values
- Augment a sense of community in new development
- Create a sense of space
- Moderation of climatic elements
- Conservation of energy
- Enhancement of property value

Residential Requirements

In major subdivisions:

- Landscape buffers are required to screen rear and side yards of homes adjacent to streets.
- Parking lots are required to have perimeter screening. Lots over 5,000 sq.ft. need interior landscaping.



Non-residential Requirements

Commercial, industrial, institutional and governmental sites must:

- Provide landscape screening adjacent to residential zones or uses
- Screen interior roads adjacent to residential zones or uses
- Provide a landscape screening adjacent to any public road



Non-Residential Requirements

Non-Residential parking lots must have:

- At least 10% of the parking lot area must be reserved for interior landscaping (peninsulas, islands, medians)
- One planting unit is required for every 12 parking spaces



Non-Residential Requirements

Specific requirements have been developed for the following:

- Outside display areas
- Service lanes
- Outdoor storage & loading areas
- Fuel Stations & car washes
- Dumpsters & ground mounted HVAC
- Stormwater management facilities
- Slopes & retaining walls
- Parks
- Landfills
- Telecommunication towers
- Mineral mining

Installation & Inspection

- Landscaping shall be installed after final grading is complete.
- Landscaping is bonded to ensure that installation is properly completed.
- County inspects the initial installation and does a one year follow up.

Maintenance

- A landscape maintenance agreement is signed by the owner.
- The owner of any property on which landscaping has been installed pursuant to this chapter shall maintain the landscaping in good condition in perpetuity.

Forest Conservation

Carroll County Forest Conservation Ordinance (Chapter 150) adopted in December of 1992

Carroll County Forest Conservation Manual May 2011 Edition

Purpose

Conserve forest resources and sensitive areas on sites that are being developed. Sensitive areas include:

- Floodplains
- Steams
- Wetlands
- Forests
- Steep slopes
- Critical habitats

Why protect forests and sensitive areas?

- Air quality improvement
- Water quality improvement
- Wildlife habitat
- Forest products
- Recreational opportunities
- Aesthetic value
- Maintain 40% forest cover goal

Applicability

- Subdivision of property
- A regulated activity which results in the cumulative disturbance of 40,000 sq.ft. or more
- Residential construction activity on an existing lot that clears more than 20,000 sq.ft. of forest

Exemptions

- Regulated activity that distrubs less than 40,000 sq.ft.
- Highway construction
- Timber harvests
- Agricultural activities
- Utility work
- Mining

Submittal Requirements

Forest Stand Delineation

- Shows existing conditions on the site
- Identifies sensitive areas
- Provides data on the condition of existing forests





Submittal Requirements

Forest Conservation Plan

- Shows the proposed development
- Identifies measures taken to protect sensitive areas
- Highlights areas of forest clearing and forest retention
- Shows how reforestation and afforestation requirements are being met
- It may include a planting plan

Requirements

Afforestation:

15% or 20% of net tract area is owed as mitigation

Reforestation:

clearing is mitigated for on a 1 to 1 basis except in the Ag. zone where the formula varies according to amount

Requirements

Mitigation can take the form of retention, planting, or banking.

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Afforestation priorties:
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- 1.Retention
- 2.on-site planting
- 3.off-site planting
- 4.forest banking

Reforestation priorties:

- 1.on-site planting
- 2.off-site planting
- 3.forest banking





Forest Banking

- Allows a property owner to plant trees on his/her property and sell credit to developers
- Site must be non-forested and in proximity to existing forest or sensitive areas (flood plain, stream, steep slopes, etc.)
- A planting plan and easement is required
- To sell credit, bank must be bonded or have passed 3 year maintenance period

Final Requirements

- Recordation of a forest conservation easement
- Recordation of 3 year maintenance agreement
- A bond posted to cover the cost of planting
- Required survival achieved over a 3 year maintenance period

Program Management

- On-going inspection of all easements to verify compliance
- An annual report is submitted to the Department of Natural Resources
- A biennial review is conducted by the Department of Natural Resources

Questions?

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